**Section** Ⅲ　**Discovering** **Useful** **Structures**

课后·训练提升

一、单句语法填空

**1**.We heard them 　　　　　　　　(argue) against the plan of the project.

答案:arguing

**2**.The young man 　　　　　　　(wear) long hair is called Tom.

答案:wearing

**3**.It is a fact that doing nothing is 　　　　　(do) ill.

答案:doing

**4**.There were some boys 　　　　　　　(shout) near the window,so I couldn’t fall asleep.

答案:shouting

**5**.Everybody says he is a 　　　　　　　(promise) boy.

答案:promising

**6**.He was good at giving an 　　　　　　　　(inspire) speech,which made the people crazy.

答案:inspiring

**7**.Charlie Chaplin was one of the most famous actors 　　　　　　　(respect) by the people.

答案:respected

**8**.The man 　　　　　　(slide) into the river is struggling.

答案:sliding

二、句型转换

**1**.Watch the men who are coming this way.

→Watch the men 　　　　　　　　　　　　　.

答案:coming this way

**2**.The shop which stands across the street was set up last year.

→The shop 　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　was set up last year.

答案:standing across the street

**3**.The baby who is crying makes me annoyed.

→　　　　　　　　　　　　 makes me annoyed.

答案:The crying baby

**4**.Anyone who wishes to leave early may do so.

→Anyone 　　　　　　　　　　　　may do so.

答案:wishing to leave early

**5**.The result made us disappointed.

→The result 　　　　　　　　　　　to us.

答案:was disappointing

**6**.The sun that is rising looks beautiful.

→　　　　　　　　　　　　 looks beautiful.

答案:The rising sun

**7**.The boy who stood near the window was good at playing football.

→The boy 　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　was good at playing football.

答案:standing near the window

**8**.The question that is embarrassing is hard to answer.

→　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　 is hard to answer.

答案:The embarrassing question

**9**.Designing machines is my job.

→My job is 　　　　　　　　　　　.

答案:designing machines

**10**.Arriving at the factory half an hour early is his habit.

→His habit is 　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　.

答案:arriving at the factory half an hour early

三、七选五阅读理解

For nearly 50 years,Zhao Yuming has been absorbed in his own world of clay figurines(泥塑).At age 62,Zhao is the only remaining clay sculpture master craftsman in Laoting County,Hebei Province.He has been officially recognised as a master of intangible cultural heritage (非物质文化遗产).　1　 This is more of a responsibility and a source of pressure.

　2　 In ancient times,Laoting clay figurines were mainly children’s toys made by countryside artists.After the founding of the People’s Republic of China in 1949,there were several workshops in villages in Laoting County and the production reached a high level,but the prices were too low.　3　 However,for a long period,many clay artists relied on making and selling clay figurines at those poor prices to make ends meet.

Nowadays,shopping malls are full of high-end toys,so the Laoting clay figurines have gradually fallen out of favour.　4　 Zhao said that although his children have other jobs to feed their families,he still wants to pass on his skills to them and his grandchildren.“If we do not pass it on,we will do a disservice to our country.Passing on the skills,honouring ourselves and repaying the country is the best option.”

Facing a demand for economic development,many regions are increasingly attaching importance to the protection of valuable traditional cultural skills.People come to realise that developing our cultural relics promotes the development of local economies.　5

A.But for him,this is not only an honour.

B.Later,it became known as “literary clay figurines”.

C.Clay figurines were sold for just a few pennies each.

D.Laoting clay sculpture has a nearly 500-year history.

E.Laoting clay sculpture is an important part of Zhao’s life.

F.However,some craftsmen have chosen to continue the tradition.

G.More importantly,it contributes to the goal of building “a beautiful China”.

答案:1~5 ADCFG

四、完形填空

(2023全国乙卷)

To become the Olympic champion in the individual(个人) all-around event,Gabby Douglas had to leave everything she 　1　 best.She had to 　2　 her bedroom in Virginia.She had to say 　3　 to her two dogs and to the beach,where she loved to 　4　 waves on her board.But it was 　5　 to take the leap(飞跃),however 　6　 it would be.Even at 14,Douglas knew that.So she 　7　 about 1,200 miles away from home,to 　8　 with a coach from China.She lived with a family she had never 　9　 and everything was new to her.

As it turned out,Douglas did　10　 what she needed to do to become Olympic champion when she 　11　 two Russians.The Chinese coach 　12　 Douglas into one of the best gymnasts in the 　13　,helping her skyrocket from an 　14　 member of the national team to the top of the sport.By 　15　 the Olympic all-around title,she became the first black woman to do so.She 　16　 the competition from beginning to end.She said she had felt 　17　 all along that she would win.

Not so long ago,Martha Karolyi,the coordinator(联络人) of the women’s national team,did not think Douglas had what it 　18　 to be an Olympian.As time went by,she thought 　19　 that she could make the London Games—and win.

“I’m going to inspire so many people,” she said.“I’m ready to 　20　.” And shine she did.

**1**.A.tried　　　　　　　　 B.thought

C.judged D.knew

答案:D

解析:根据下文的“She had to say 　　　to her two dogs and to the beach”以及第一段中的“away from home”可知,道格拉斯不得不离开她熟悉(knew)的一切。

**2**.A.take up B.pack up

C.clean up D.do up

答案:B

解析:根据上文的“Gabby Douglas had to leave everything she 　　　best”可知,由于不得不离开她熟悉的一切,所以她不得不收拾打包(pack up)她在弗吉尼亚州卧室里的东西。

**3**.A.goodbye B.hello

C.thanks D.no

答案:A

解析:上文提到她要离开她熟悉的一切,所以要向两只狗和海滩告别。say goodbye to向……道别。

**4**.A.cause B.observe

C.ride D.strike

答案:C

解析:根据下文的“on her board”可知,她喜欢冲(ride)浪。

**5**.A.common B.time

C.fun D.tough

答案:B

解析:根据下文语境可知,到了她放手一搏的时候(time)了。take the leap大胆尝试,放手一搏。

**6**.A.breathtaking B.heartbreaking

C.eye-catching D.head-spinning

答案:B

解析:根据下文的“Even at 14,Douglas knew that.”以及下文可知,此处指无论(离开自己的家)是多么的令人心碎(heartbreaking),她都要放手一搏。

**7**.A.dropped out B.moved on

C.pulled over D.went off

答案:D

解析:根据下文的“about 1,200 miles away from home”可知,她离开了(went off)家,到了1,200英里外的地方。

**8**.A.reason B.talk

C.compete D.train

答案:D

解析:根据下文的“what she needed to do to become Olympic champion”可知,她跟着一名中国教练训练(train)。

**9**.A.met B.helped

C.understood D.needed

答案:A

解析:根据下文的“and everything was new to her”可知,她和自己从未见过(met)的一家人住在一起。

**10**.A.approximately B.gradually

C.exactly D.possibly

答案:C

解析:根据下文的“what she needed to do to become Olympic champion”可知,道格拉斯所做的正是(exactly)成为奥运冠军需要做的一切。

**11**.A.defeated B.pleased

C.respected D.assisted

答案:A

解析:根据上下文语境可知,她战胜了(defeated)两位俄罗斯运动员,成为奥运冠军。

**12**.A.forced B.transformed

C.persuaded D.put

答案:B

解析:根据下文的“Douglas into one of the best gymnasts”可知,教练把她变成了(transformed)最好的体操运动员之一。

**13**.A.world B.city

C.team D.state

答案:A

解析:根据语境可知,道格拉斯成了奥运冠军,也就是全世界(world)最好的运动员之一。

**14**.A.amateur B.elected

C.average D.enthusiastic

答案:C

解析:教练帮助她从国家队的普通(average)队员一跃成为这项运动的顶尖选手。

**15**.A.clarifying B.defending

C.winning D.demanding

答案:C

解析:根据下文的“the Olympic all-around title”可知,她赢得(winning)了奥运会全能冠军的头衔。

**16**.A.followed B.organized

C.watched D.led

答案:D

解析:根据下文的“the competition from beginning to end”可知,她在比赛中一路领先(led)。

**17**.A.confident B.nervous

C.excited D.uneasy

答案:A

解析:根据上文的“the competition from beginning to end”和下文的“all along that she would win”可知,她始终自信(confident)能获胜。

**18**.A.viewed B.appeared

C.mattered D.took

答案:D

解析:就在不久以前,Martha Karolyi认为道格拉斯不具备成为奥运选手所需要(took)的东西。

**19**.A.now and then B.more and more

C.far and wide D.on and on

答案:B

解析:根据下文的“that she could make the London Games—and win”可知,她越来越(more and more)认为她能参加伦敦奥运会并且获胜。

**20**.A.shine B.fly

C.dance D.score

答案:A

解析:根据下文的“And shine she did.”可知,她已经准备好大放光彩了(shine)。此处shine为原词复现。

五、语篇填空

**China** **Creates** **Harvest** **Festival** **for** **Farmers**

Recently China has set up a special day for farmers to celebrate the yearly harvest.It is the first festival **1**.　　　　　　(create) by China specially for the country’s farmers.

“The country will celebrate the Chinese Farmers’ Harvest Festival on the autumnal equinox (秋分) of China lunar calendar from this year,”said Han Changbin,minister of agriculture and rural affairs,at **2**.　　　　　 press conference.Autumnal equinox usually **3**.　　　　　　　　 (fall) between September 22 and 24, **4**.　　　　　　 the country’s agricultural harvest season.

The festival will give greater **5**.　　　　　　　　　　(important) to rural work and push for **6**.　　　　　　(fast) development of agriculture and rural areas.

A variety of celebrations will be organised **7**.　　　　　　(display) the agricultural harvest,rural technology achievements and farmers’ creativeness.Farmers **8**.　　　　　　　　　(encourage)to involve in activities related to their work and life,**9**. waste should be avoided in the celebrations.

The rural economy is a key part of China’s efforts to develop a modernised economy.By **10**.　　　　　　　　(develop) its vast rural areas,China expects to see a strong agricultural sector,a beautiful countryside and wealthy farmers.

答案:1.created　2.a　3.falls　4.during　5.importance　6.faster　7.to display　8.are encouraged　9.but/yet　10.developing