**综合检测**(B**卷**)

(时间:120分钟　满分:150分)

第一部分　听力(共两节,满分30分)

第一节(共5小题;每小题1.5分,满分7.5分)

听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后,你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

W:Does it ever get that cold around here?

M:Not really.It sometimes gets to 20 degrees below zero.You should prepare some thick clothes.

W:Speaking of cold,how about going for a cup of coffee to warm up?

**1**.What is the weather like?

A.Cool. B.Cold. C.Hot.

答案B

W:I can’t believe you cooked supper!You’re really growing up,aren’t you,Sam?

M:It was easy,Mom.Only noodles and meatballs.

**2**.What’s the probable relationship between the speakers?

A.Husband and wife.

B.Brother and sister.

C.Mother and son.

答案C

W:Is Dad taking us to the museum this week,Steve?

M:Yeah,Amy.He’s working on Wednesday and Friday,but he’s off on Thursday,so we’re going then.

**3**.When does their father work?

A.On Monday and Friday.

B.On Wednesday and Friday.

C.On Thursday and Wednesday.

答案B

W:When do you think this train will arrive?It’s 30 minutes late as it is.

M:I’ve no idea.All I know is that I’m already late for my meeting.It’s unusual though.I don’t usually have a problem with this train.

**4**.Where are they?

A.At the railway station.

B.At the airport.

C.At a bus stop.

答案A

W:Do you know Victor,our new neighbour?

M:Yeah,he makes videos for bands.They’re wonderful.

W:Yes,he does them very well.

**5**.Who is Victor?

A.Their new neighbour who is good at making bands’ videos.

B.Their new neighbour who likes forming great bands.

C.Their new neighbour who loves wonderful videos.

答案A

第二节(共15小题;每小题1.5分,满分22.5分)

听下面5段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题5秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第6段材料,回答第6、7题。

M:Hi,Anna,come in.

W:Wow,your apartment is a mess.

M:I know.I didn’t have time to put things away before you got here.

W:Anyway,are you ready to go?

M:No,I’m not ready yet.I still have to brush my teeth and wash my face.Can you wait for a few minutes?

W:OK,but please hurry.I think the restaurant is closing soon.

**6**.Where does the conversation probably happen?

A.At the woman’s apartment.

B.At the man’s apartment.

C.At the restaurant.

答案B

**7**.What are they going to do?

A.Wash faces.

B.Clean up the room.

C.Have a meal together.

答案C

听第7段材料,回答第8、9题。

M:Hello!Debbie.

W:Hello!Paul.I haven’t heard from you for a long time.How are you doing?

M:Fine.I’m calling to ask if you’d like to have dinner with me this evening.

W:Why not?Where?

M:Let’s go to the Chinese restaurant on King Street.

W:Is it very far from my place?How can I get there?

M:Not very far and you can walk there in ten minutes.Go out of your office and turn right.Walk along Queen Street till you reach King Street.The restaurant is on the corner.

W:Okay,Paul.Thank you for your invitation.

M:It’s my pleasure.

**8**.Why does the man call the woman?

A.To thank her.

B.To invite her.

C.To ask for help.

答案B

**9**.Where is the woman now?

A.At home.

B.At her office.

C.At the library.

答案B

听第8段材料,回答第10至12题。

M:Good morning,Lucy.

W:Hi,Jim.I’m sorry.I don’t want to go to the pop concert.

M:Then,how about going to the cinema?

W:I hate going to the cinema.There haven’t been any interesting films recently.

M:Well,what do you want to do?

W:I like hiking,rafting and climbing.What about you?

M:I like painting,sailing,watching football and talking to you.

W:I like talking to you,too.

M:Do you want to go to an exhibition?There’s a new one on at the Gape Gallery tomorrow.

W:Good idea.Let’s go.

**10**.What doesn’t the woman like to do?

A.See movies.

B.Go rafting.

C.Go climbing.

答案A

**11**.What do we learn from the conversation?

A.The man likes watching movies.

B.They like to talk with each other.

C.Many interesting films are on show these days.

答案B

**12**.What are they going to do tomorrow?

A.Go hiking.

B.Go to a pop concert.

C.Go to an exhibition.

答案C

听第9段材料,回答第13至16题。

W:Hi,Joe!Many people in our department are leaving for holiday.What are you going to do?

M:I think I’ll just stay at home.I may see some friends and watch a few DVDs.And I probably would go to the Ottawa Car Show.What about you,Ariel?What’s your plan?

W:I am going to do some travelling with my family.

M:Oh,where to?

W:Toronto.And on our way,we’re going to visit my aunt Valley in Kingston.

M:That’s exciting.How long do you plan to stay at your aunt’s?

W:Two days.I have a get-together party with my college friends on the tenth in Toronto.Oh.I’m afraid I’ve got to go now.My husband is waiting for me.And we’ll have to pick up Daniel from school.Have a nice holiday,Joe!

M:Thank you.You too!

**13**.What are the two speakers talking about?

A.Plans for holiday.

B.A journey to Ottawa.

C.Ways to make DVDs.

答案A

**14**.Where does the woman’s aunt live?

A.In Toronto. B.In Ottawa. C.In Kingston.

答案C

**15**.How long do the woman’s family plan to stay at her aunt’s?

A.One day.

B.Two days.

C.Three days.

答案B

**16**.What might be the probable relationship between the speakers?

A.College classmates.

B.Guide and tourist.

C.Fellow workers(同事).

答案C

听第10段材料,回答第17至20题。

M:Jamie,this is Michael.Sorry you’re not in.Would you like to come to the theatre with me?There’s a play on called *The* *Dinner* *Party.*It’s about a group of friends who meet again after twenty-five years for a meal.People say its actors are really good and it is worth a visit.I know it is your birthday on August the twenty-seventh.Well,the play is on the twenty-ninth.I’ll pay for your tickets as a birthday present if you like.The play is in the new theatre,which is that big building in Church Street just across the road from the library.The theatre hasn’t been open long and it’s very nice and modern inside.The play starts at eight o’clock,so why don’t we meet in the bar next to the theatre first?I’ll see you there at six forty five and we can have a drink before it starts.If you’d like to come,call me on my phone.Speak to you soon.Bye.

**17**.Why does the man invite the woman to see a play?

A.To meet some old friends.

B.To celebrate her birthday.

C.To celebrate his birthday.

答案B

**18**.What is the name of the play?

A.*The* *Dinner* *Party*.

B.*The* *Birthday* *Party*.

C.*The* *Wedding* *Party*.

答案A

**19**.When will the play be on?

A.On August 29th.

B.On August 27th.

C.On August 20th.

答案A

**20**.Where will they meet?

A.At the woman’s house.

B.At the gate of the theatre.

C.In the bar next to the theatre.

答案C

第二部分　阅读(共两节,满分50分)

第一节(共15小题;每小题2.5分,满分37.5分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项。

**A**

**Welcome** **to** **Adventure** **land**!

Everyone loves Adventure land!The Parks and Exhibitions were built for you to explore,enjoy,and admire their wonders.Every visit will be an unforgettable experience.

**The** **Travel** **Pavilion**

Explore places you have never been to before,and experience different ways of life.

Visit the Amazon jungle(丛林) village,the Turkish market,the Tai floating market,the Berber mountain house and others.Talk to the people there who will tell you about their lives and things they make.You can try making a carpet,making nets,fishing...

**The** **Future** **Tower**

This exhibition shows how progress will touch our lives.It allows us to look into the future and explore the cities of the next century and the way we’ll be living then.Spend some time in our space station and you can even take a “journey” to Mars!

**The** **Nature** **Park**

This is not really one park but several parks.

In the Safari Park you can drive among African animals and see lions,giraffes,elephants in the wild.Move on to the Ocean Park to watch the dolphins and whales.

**The** **Pyramid**

This is the centre of Adventure land.Need some postcards,stamps or even toys?For all these things and many more,visit our underground shopping centre.

**21**.The Travel Pavilion is built to help visitors 　　　.

A.realise the importance of travelling

B.become familiar with mountain countries

C.learn how to make things such as fishing nets

D.learn something about different places in the world

答案D

解析细节理解题。根据The Travel Pavilion标题下面的第一句话可知,探索你从未去过的地方,体验不同的生活方式。所以修建The Travel Pavilion是为了帮助游客了解世界上不同的地方。故选D项。

**22**.If you are interested in knowing about what people’s life will be,you may visit 　　　.

A.the Travel Pavilion B.the Future Tower

C.the Safari Park D.the Pyramid

答案B

解析细节理解题。由The Future Tower中的内容可知,我们可以在这个展区展望未来,探索下个世纪的城市和我们那时的生活方式。所以如果你有兴趣了解人们未来的生活,你可以去The Future Tower。故选B项。

**23**.If you want to get a toy lion to take home,where will you most likely go?

A.The Pyramid. B.The Nature Park.

C.The Future Tower. D.The Travel Pavilion.

答案A

解析推理判断题。由The Pyramid中的内容可知,如果我们需要购买明信片、邮票、玩具和其他纪念品,我们可以去他们的地下购物中心。所以判断出如果你想带一个玩具狮子回家,可以去The Pyramid。故选A项。

**B**

Michael Surrell was the last person who should have run into a burning building—his lungs didn’t function well and were worse recently.But that didn’t stop him.

He had just parked around the corner from his house when he smelled something smoky,and was worrying that his car didn’t work well.At the moment,an urgent call from Alice,his eldest girl,got that across.Shocked and anxious,he then went to the house next door immediately.“Eight-year-old Tiara Roberts is still on the second floor!” one of the women cried.Though the firemen had been called and were on the way,Surrell,then 60,who once experienced such a situation and knew its urgency,ran inside without hesitation.The thick smoke made him almost impossible to breathe.The conditions would have been dangerous for anyone,but for Surrell,they were more serious and life-threatening.

After a few minutes in the smoke-filled house,he came out to catch his breath.Taking a deep breath,he went in a second time.Because the house had a similar design to his,he found the stairs and made it to the second floor.His throat and lungs burned as if he had breathed in fire.The smoke hurt his eyes so that his vision was poorer.Then a soft but clear painful sound could be heard.Still unable to see,Surrell threw himself onto the hot wood floor.He crawled(爬) towards the sound,feeling around for any sign of the girl.Finally,he touched a shoe,and then an ankle.She wasn’t breathing.He held her into his arms and stood.He felt the heat of the flames on his cheeks,fought through the burning wood and made their way outside.Surrell put Tiara down on the porch and one neighbour carried out first aid.She coughed and opened her eyes at last.

Tiara survived the fire safely.However,Surrell took extra medication that helped open his airways.“It’s a small price to pay,”he said.“I’d do it again in a heartbeat.”

**24**.How did Michael Surrell know the fire?

A.He smelled the smoke in the distance.

B.His daughter telephoned to tell him.

C.He heard the call from a woman.

D.He saw the firemen on the way.

答案B

解析细节理解题。由第二段的“when he smelled something smoky,and was worrying that his car didn’t work well.At the moment,an urgent call from Alice,his eldest girl,got that across”以及后面对Surrell去火灾现场的描述可知,Surrell闻到了烟味,但是不知道从哪里传来的,接到大女儿的电话后他明白了原因:邻居家着火了。故选B项。

**25**.Why were the conditions more dangerous for Surrell?

A.Because he was old.

B.Because he had lung disease.

C.Because his vision was poor.

D.Because he lacked experience.

答案B

解析细节理解题。结合文章首句“Michael Surrell was the last person who should have run into a burning building—his lungs didn’t function well and were worse recently.”以及第二段的“The thick smoke made him almost impossible to breathe.The conditions...more serious and life-threatening”可知,Surrell患有肺病,浓烟会让他呼吸更困难,他是最不该闯进火海的人。故选B项。

**26**.Which word can describe Surrell’s first attempt?

A.Useless. B.Successful.

C.Hopeless. D.Surprising.

答案A

解析推理判断题。由第三段的“After a few minutes in the smoke-filled house,he came out to catch his breath.”可知,进入失火的房子几分钟后,Surrell跑出来喘气。因此,第一次救人的尝试是徒劳的。useless“无用的,无效的,无价值的”符合题意。故选A项。

**27**.What can be learnt about Surrell while he was saving Tiara?

A.His cheeks were hurt by flames.

B.He lost the way to the second floor.

C.He took pains to confirm the girl’s position.

D.His first aid knowledge helped save the girl.

答案C

解析推理判断题。由第三段的“Then a soft but clear painful sound could be heard.Still unable to see,Surrell threw himself onto the hot wood floor.He crawled towards the sound,feeling around for any sign of the girl.”可知,Surrell在很烫的木地板上匍匐前行,搜寻着女孩,过程非常艰辛。故选C项。

**C**

What is success?I am not going to try to explain success.I think a precise meaning is impossible!Is it winning a Gold Medal at the Olympic Games or winning Wimbledon,or being awarded a Nobel Prize?What else?I believe personal success could be anything at all—it does not have to involve public recognition.Who is more successful?A millionaire who is unhappy,or an unnoticed person,who has led a simple,quiet,sincere and happy life?The simplest definition of success,I think,is “to set out to do something and to succeed in doing it.”

The first step on the road to success starts with belief.Believe you can succeed and you will.Achieving success in whatever endeavor(努力) you choose may be the goal of life;because it gives you freedom from worry.Could that be?

Success means different things to every one of us.Some people believe it is measured in financial term;others believe it is helping others rather than helping themselves.However,most people are motivated to a great extend by public recognition.How many people are really happy?How many people are really doing what they want to with their lives?Incidentally,to imagine makes us different from animals.

Most important of all,I believe success is a matter of personal growth.If every day you are developing or growing just a millimetre,I believe one is successful.Just being a slightly better person each day for me is success.I’ve got a very long way to go them!

Finally,always remember success is a process and is not simply a matter of arriving at a destination.It’s the journey that really matters.Success is what you become in the often very difficult and dangerous journey down the river of life.

**28**.What is personal success according to the author?

A.Winning public recognition.

B.Being an unhappy millionaire.

C.Something impossible to define simply.

D.Succeeding in doing what you want.

答案D

解析细节理解题。根据第一段最后一句“The simplest definition of success,I think,is ‘to set out to do something and to succeed in doing it.’”可知,作者认为个人的成功就是成功地做了自己想做的事情。故选D项。

**29**.Which plays an important role in your success?

A.Intelligence. B.Confidence.

C.Wealth. D.Kindness.

答案B

解析推理判断题。根据第二段第一、二句“The first step on the road to success starts with belief.Believe you can succeed and you will.”可知,成功的一个关键是“自信”。故选B项。

**30**.According to the text,humans are different from animals in 　　　.

A.belief B.freedom

C.imagination D.success

答案C

解析细节理解题。根据第三段最后一句“Incidentally,to imagine makes us different from animals.”可知,人类与动物的最大区别就是想象力。故选C项。

**31**.What can be the best title for the text?

A.What Is Success

B.No True Success

C.How to Be Successful

D.Success Is Reaching a Destination

答案A

解析标题归纳题。根据文章第一段第一句“What is success?”和最后一段中的“Finally,always remember success is a process and is not simply a matter of arriving at a destination.”成功是一个过程,不仅仅是到达目的地的问题,因此本文在叙述什么是成功。故选A项。

**D**

Levison Wood is at the Steve Biko Academic Hospital(SBAH) where,in 2018,the Office of Health Standards awarded the institution the highest honour for its quality of patient care and access to health care professionals.As part of the University of Pretoria,SBAH is a centre for world-class surgeons and researchers—and where Levison meets Professor Mashudu Tshifularo.

Professor Tshifularo who has performed the world’s first middle ear transplant(移植) using 3D printed bones tells Levison:“This was not an overnight breakthrough—it’s the result of 10 years’ investing in research and state-of-the-art health-tech.Investment in 3D printing has massive potential—we have made history here in South Africa—and it is set to continue.”

According to McKinsey & Company,the estimated(估计的) economic impact of 3D printing is $100-250 billion by 2025,if today’s rate of adoption continues.With the most potential in aerospace(航空航天),auto,consumer goods and health care,the technologies are making a global impact.MedTech Drive says that 3D printing will be a central part of all major health care businesses within five to ten years.

Professor Tshifularo and his team have 3D printed inner ear bones.The procedure presents significantly fewer risks than traditional surgery and is announced as an answer to conductive hearing loss.And it’s not the professor’s only “world-first”.

“What I am doing here,nobody else is doing,” Professor Tshifularo continues.“In 2008,I performed the world’s first bloodless endoscope-assisted tonsillectomy(扁桃体切除手术).My team includes experts from all disciplines—including jewelry fields.The international medical community certainly will benefit from this knowledge-sharing and creation in their own country.My research into further innovation is exciting.”

**32**.What does the first paragraph serve as?

A.A background. B.A contrast.

C.An example. D.A comment.

答案A

解析推理判断题。文章第一段主要告诉我们Levison 在SBAH见到Professor Tshifularo,以及 SBAH的一些情况,紧接着下文再具体介绍Tshifularo 的成就,由此可知第一段起到介绍背景的作用。故选A项。

**33**.Which of the following words can best describe Mashudu Tshifularo?

A.Selfless and considerate.

B.Determined and humorous.

C.Creative and devoted.

D.Ambitious and modest.

答案C

解析推理判断题。根据第二段中的“who has performed the world’s first middle ear transplant using 3D printed bones”、第四段中的“And it’s not the professor’s only ‘world-first’”和第五段中的“What I am doing here,nobody else is doing”可知,Tshifularo 教授用3D打印骨骼进行了中耳移植手术,做了其他人未做的事情,创造了不止一个世界第一,故可推知他富有创新意识;再结合第二段中的“This was not an overnight breakthrough—it’s the result of 10 years’ investing in research and state-of-the-art health-tech”可知,Tshifularo教授热衷于自己的研究。故选C项。

**34**.What can be learned about 3D printing?

A.It brings a large profit to SBAH.

B.It is playing a key role in health care.

C.It guarantees safety of ear transplants.

D.It will be used in a wide range of fields.

答案D

解析细节理解题。根据第三段中的“With the most potential in aerospace,auto,consumer goods and health care,the technologies are making a global impact.MedTech Drive says that 3D printing will be a central part of all major health care businesses within five to ten years.”可知,3D打印还可以应用到航空航天、汽车、消费品和医疗保健等领域,即3D技术将会在很多领域有广泛的应用。故选D项。

**35**.What can be the best title for the text?

A.3D Printing Is Changing the World

B.3D Printing Made History by Tshifularo

C.A Big Breakthrough—3D Printed Ears

D.A Historic Meeting—Levison and Tshifularo

答案B

解析标题归纳题。通读全文可知,本文主要讲述了Tshifularo 教授及其团队举世瞩目的成就——利用3D打印的中耳骨成功地进行手术,以及对3D打印技术的展望,因此B项作本文标题最佳。故选B项。

第二节(共5小题;每小题2.5分,满分12.5分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

You may be relying more and more on your refrigerator.But you should know there are some things you’d better not put into your refrigerator.

♦　36　 Nothing dries out bread faster than your refrigerator.If you make sandwiches with the bread,and then place them in the refrigerator,the cold temperature will make the bread hard like nuts.Besides,the coldness makes the bread become hard at a faster speed.

♦Coffee.Since ground coffee like coffee beans require cool,dry and dark spots to keep their taste and freshness,the refrigerator is not a good place for them.Coffee also needs an airtight(密封的) container.But if you have much coffee that you won’t use right away,then you can freeze it.　37　 This way,you can store it for up to a month.

♦Tomatoes.　38　 But putting them in the refrigerator will cause them to lose all of their good taste.Plus,the cold air in the cooler refrigerator stops the ripening(成熟的)process as well.And as we all know,ripening is what gives every tomato more taste.For best results,keep tomatoes out,and inside a basket or a bowl on your counter.

♦Honey.Make sure that you keep honey in an airtight container.　39　 Therefore,storing it in your cooler refrigerator doesn’t make sense.Honey is a naturally preserved food so it needs no help from us.Amazingly enough,placing honey in your refrigerator will in fact speed up the sugar crystallisation(结晶) process.　40

A.Nuts.

B.Bread.

C.We all love tomatoes for their taste.

D.Just make sure to put the coffee in airtight bags.

E.Honey will stay good almost forever in that way.

F.Some of you dislike the tomatoes’ taste because it is a little strange.

G.As a result,the honey will become harder or nearly impossible to eat.

答案36~40 BDCEG

第三部分　语言运用(共两节,满分30分)

第一节(共15小题;每小题1分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

I have grown up with pictures and shapes.Ever since I was a little girl,my mom would read children’s picture 　41　 for me.She would point to each picture,trace each line and tell me which 　42　 made the pictures up.Attracted by the tracing of her finger,I would stare and concentrate my eyes to catch every 　43　 movement and would listen for the name of the shape.　44　 I missed anything,I would beg her to 　45　 the page over and over again.

As I entered the second grade,my memorisation of the shapes 　46　 with me.My knowledge of shapes increased 　47　 the point where my old picture books I had at home could no longer 　48　my need for shapes.If I could,I would go up to each 　49　 and follow the tracing 　50　 that my mom did when I was younger.I’d 　51　 the outlines of the object and 　52　 what kind of shapes made it up.

At school,while other kids saw a red wagon,I would be 　53　 to break the wagon down in my mind into a rectangle and two 　54　.Now that I am a senior in high school,I still see 　55　 things are made up of in the same way.

**41**.A.articles B.tools

C.books D.frames

答案C

解析根据下文中的“where my old picture books I had at home could no longer...”可知,母亲给作者读的是绘本。故选C项。

**42**.A.shapes B.colours

C.lines D.spaces

答案A

解析根据空格后的made the pictures up和下文中的“my memorisation of the shapes”可知,母亲告诉作者是哪些形状构成了图画。shape意为“形状”,符合语境。故选A项。

**43**.A.smooth B.fast

C.occasional D.sudden

答案A

解析根据空格前的by the tracing of her finger可推知,这里讲述母亲的手指在平缓地移动。smooth意为“平缓的”,符合语境。故选A项。

**44**.A.Until B.Before

C.If D.Since

答案C

解析根据空格后“I would beg her to 　　　the page over and over again”可知,此处应表示如果作者错过一些东西。if意为“如果”,符合语境。故选C项。

**45**.A.turn B.repeat

C.protect D.cover

答案B

解析根据空格后的the page over and over again可知,作者会让母亲一遍遍重复。repeat意为“重复”,符合语境。故选B项。

**46**.A.grew B.connected

C.changed D.stuck

答案D

解析根据上下文语境可推知,这些记忆一直伴随着作者。stick with sb 意为“紧跟某人”,符合语境。故选D项。

**47**.A.by B.to

C.in D.at

答案B

解析根据空格前的increased可知,此处应指作者对形状的认知增长到某种程度。increase to 是固定搭配,意为“增长到,增加到”,符合语境。故选B项。

**48**.A.read B.realise

C.satisfy D.widen

答案C

解析根据空格前的“my old picture books I had at home could no longer”可知,作者在家所学的那些形状已经不能满足需要了。satisfy意为“满足”,符合语境。故选C项。

**49**.A.house B.object

C.tower D.stair

答案B

解析根据上文中each picture以及下文中的“the outlines of the object”可知,此处是指图片中的每个物体。object意为“物体”,符合语境。故选B项。

**50**.A.method B.imagination

C.thinking D.idea

答案A

解析根据空格后的my mom did可知,作者在讲述母亲教自己的方式。method 意为“方式”,符合语境。故选A项。

**51**.A.examine B.ignore

C.envy D.value

答案A

解析根据空格后的“the outlines of the object and 　　　what kind of shapes made it up”可知,作者仔细检查。examine 意为“检查”,符合语境。故选A项。

**52**.A.miss out B.turn down

C.figure out D.keep up

答案C

解析根据空格后的“what kind of shapes made it up”可知,此处应指作者要弄清楚是什么形状构成了这些物体。figure out 意为“弄清楚”,符合语境。故选C项。

**53**.A.eager B.unwilling

C.afraid D.nervous

答案A

解析根据上文内容可知,作者喜欢弄清楚构成每一个物体的形状,所以当看到一个红色的货车时,他热切地在心里把它拆分成不同的形状。be eager to...是固定搭配,意为“热切,渴望做……”,符合语境。故选A项。

**54**.A.maps B.circles

C.flats D.stories

答案B

解析根据上题解析可知,此处需要填一个表示形状的词。circle意为“圆”,符合语境。故选B项。

**55**.A.what B.how

C.which D.where

答案A

解析分析句子结构可知,空格处需要一个引导宾语从句的连接词,再分析空格后的句子结构可知,从句缺少宾语,因此空格处应填what,在从句中作宾语。故选A项。

第二节(共10小题;每小题1.5分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

You’ve probably seen the term “extreme sports” in magazines,heard about it on the evening news,and seen it **56**.　　　　　　　(advertise) in sporting goods stores.So,what exactly are extreme sports?

During the 1970s and 1980s,the term“extreme sports” **57**.　　　　　　　　　　(use) for sports that were often dangerous and could result in injury or even death.Today,however,extreme sports also include **58**.　　　　　(activity) that give a feeling of adventure without **59**.　　　　　　(necessary) putting your life in danger.For every extreme sport there is professional equipment that has been developed **60**.　　　　　　　　　(protect) your body and improve your performance.

Extreme sports cover a wide **61**.　　　　　(vary) of activities.Some extreme sports have developed **62**.　　　　　 a familiar activity,like mountain biking.Some extreme sports may not be well-known.Bouldering,for example,is a type of rock climbing in **63**.　　　　　　 no rope is used.It usually takes place in an area with large rocks or in climbing centres.

People have never stopped **64**.　　　　　　(develop) new types of extreme activities.These sports are gaining **65**. large audience and growing in popularity,especially among young people.

答案56.advertised　57.was used　58.activities

59.necessarily　60.to protect　61.variety　62.from

63.which　64.developing　65.a

第四部分　写作(共两节,满分40分)

第一节(满分15分)

假定你是李华,你校将组织在校师生本周六去游乐场(amusement park)游玩。请写封邮件邀请外教Bryan同去,内容包括:

1.出发时间、地点;

2.游玩的项目(划船、骑车、喂鱼等);

3.表达期待。

注意:1.词数80左右;

2.可以适当增加细节,以使行文连贯;

3.开头和结尾已为你写好,不计入总词数。

Dear Bryan,

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Yours,

Li Hua

参考范文

Dear Bryan,

I have good news for you.Our school is going to organise a trip to an amusement park this Saturday.It’s my great pleasure to invite you to come along.We will set off at the school gate at two o’clock this Saturday afternoon.

There are many interesting events in this trip,such as rowing,cycling and riding roller coasters.Appreciating flowers and feeding the fish are also included,which can make us get closer to nature.

I’m looking forward to your arrival and hope we can have fun together.

Yours,

Li Hua

第二节(满分25分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。续写词数应为150左右。

The first day of my school,our professor introduced himself and challenged us to get to know someone we didn’t know.I stood up to look around when a gentle hand touched my shoulder.I turned round to find an old lady looking up at me with a smile that lit up her entire being.She said,“Hi handsome.My name is Rose.I’m eighty-seven years old.Can I give you a hug?” I laughed and enthusiastically(热情地) responded,“Of course you may”,and she gave me a big hug.“Why are you in college at such an age?” I asked.She jokingly replied,“I’m here to meet a rich husband,get married,and have a couple of kids...”

“No,seriously?” I asked.I was curious about what may have motivated(激发) her to be taking on this challenge at her age.“I always dreamed of having a college education and now I’m getting one!” she told me.

After class we walked to the student union building and shared a chocolate milkshake.We became instant friends.During the next three months,we would leave class together and talk nonstop(不停顿地) every day.I always liked listening to this “time machine” as she shared her wisdom and experience with me.

Over the course of the year,Rose became a campus icon(校园图标) and she easily made friends wherever she went.She loved to dress up and showed happiness at the attention upon her from other students.She was living it up.

At the end of the semester,we invited Rose to give a speech at our football banquet(盛宴).I’ll never forget what she taught us.She was introduced and stepped up to the stage.

*A* *little* *nervous*,*she* *stood* *behind* *the* *microphone* *and* *simply* *said*,

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

*At* *the* *year’s* *end*,*Rose* *finished* *the* *college* *degree.*

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

参考范文

*A* *little* *nervous*,*she* *stood* *behind* *the* *microphone* *and* *simply* *said*,“I’m glad to be invited here to speak.Most of you often ask me why I go to college at my age.It’s my dream that I always dreamed in the past.I don’t think I’m too old to go to college.Don’t you think I’m still young,being happy and achieving success?You have to laugh and find humour every day.You’ve got to have a dream.When you lose your dreams,you die.You can’t stop playing because you are old;you grow old because you stop playing,so keep on playing.”

*At* *the* *year’s* *end*,*Rose* *finished* *the* *college* *degree*.One week after graduation Rose died peacefully in her sleep.For me,I lose a good friend,but I’ll have her in my mind,and I often remember what she said in the speech.Her restless,youthful spirit will keep motivating me throughout my life.I believe that when she left,she must have no regrets,because her dream came true.